Drs. Raskin, Pruden and Edwards were also part of a larger pioneering scientific community built by the <u>Sloan Foundation Microbiology of</u> <u>the Built Environment</u>(MOBE) program, 2011-2017, which engaged experts on research involving appropriate use of molecular tools (e.g., targeting DNA through tools such as qPCR and next-generation sequencing) to identify and build fundamental understanding of microorganisms in buildings and homes. This community learned hard lessons which we will term "Sloan MOBE 101" that can be partly summarized as follows: 1) "Don't ever claim that finding DNA of a pathogen in an environmental sample is a health risk—it could just be a dead bacteria," 2) "Without proper experimental controls you can scare yourself and others needlessly," and 3) "Gee, it is very easy to contaminate a sample."

http://flintwaterstudy.org/2019/01/part-4/